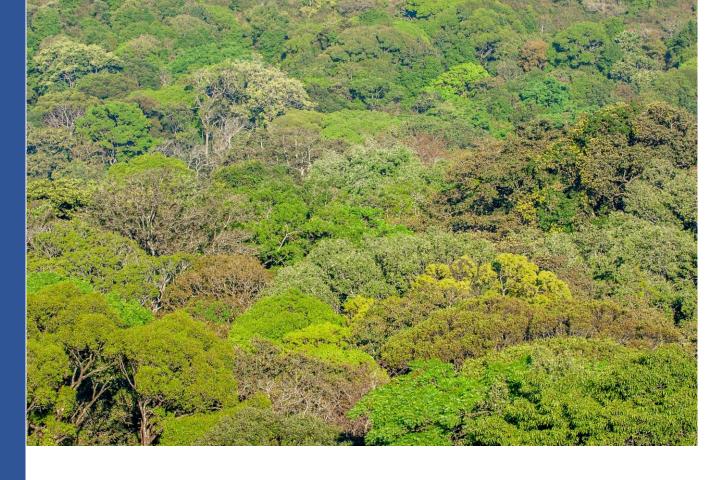
Webinar on Forest Certification by NCCF 19 May 2020

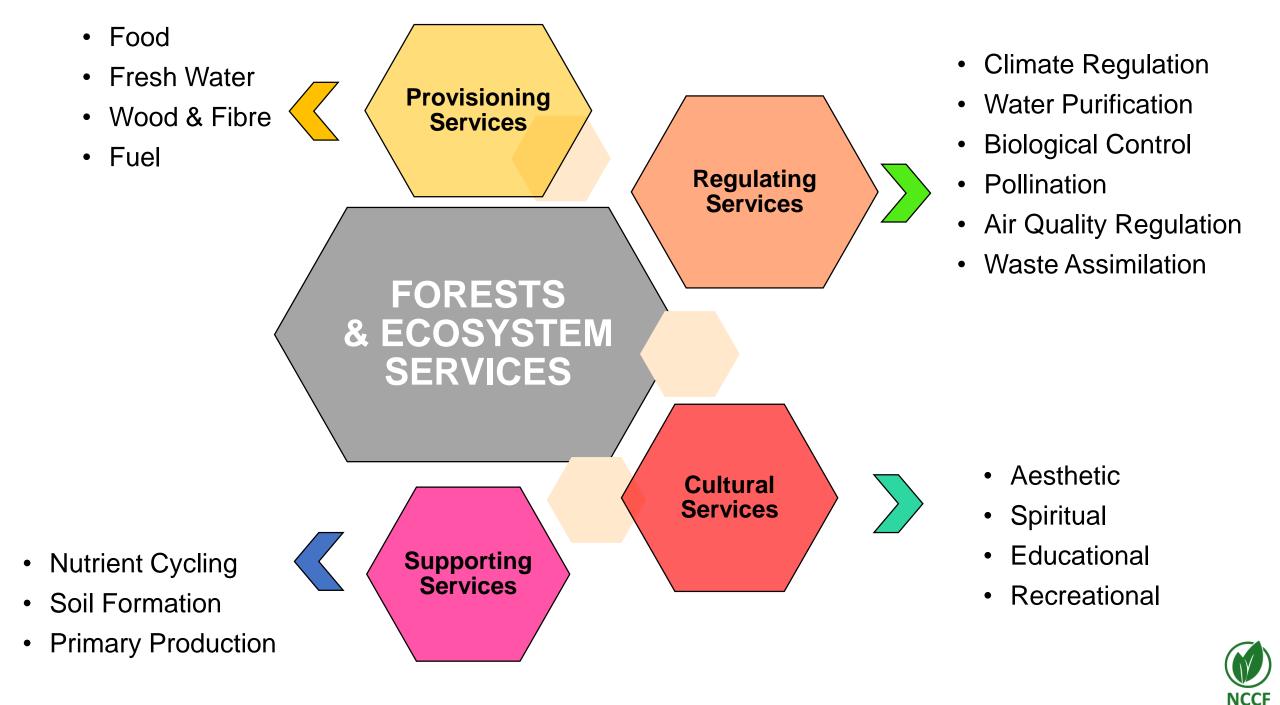
Governance and Management perspective of Forest Certification



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Management of Forests in India

- Forests: publicly owned under the Doctrine of Public Trust
- Scientific management: system of 10 year working plans prepared by a specific branch of SFDs and approved by the Gol
- WP prescriptions: based on systematic assessment of forest resources, utilization of produces, past systems of management
- Include annual allowable cut of timber guided by the principles of sustained yield and SSOs so as to obtain regeneration
- NWFPs not given required attention
- WP prescribes several forms: generally not mainatined
- Revised NWP Code 2014: adoption??
- All Forests not covered by working/management plans; globally only 50% of forest areas have management plans



New Provisions in Revised NWP Code 2014

- Consultation with stakeholders: local people's forum, JFMs, VPs
- Assessment: Forest Carbon, Biodiversity
- Growing stock estimation: use of local volume tables
- Assessment of NWFP resources:
 - Resource Assessment: including separate focus on Bamboo and Rattan
 - Estimated production of NWFPs: fruits, flowers, leaves, seeds, whole plants, bark, etc.
 - Documenting extraction methods (collection/harvesting)
 - Seven step methodology for NWFP management



New Provisions in Revised NWP Code 2014

- Forest Health and Vitality: regeneration, forest fire vulnerability mapping, productivity
- Soil and water resources: duration of water flow in rivers/streams, siltation, water bodies, wetlands
- Social, economic, cultural and spiritual benefits: labour welfare, sacred groves and other cultural sites
- Budgetary allocations in previous plan



Implementation of WPs

- Properly prepared and implemented FMS is designed to achieve Sustainability
- No documented evidence about sustainability of forests
- Even managed forests are in various stages of degradation due to multiple reasons
- General deterioration in quality of WPs preparation and implementation:
 - WP posting taken as punishment
 - Works assigned to outside agencies lack accountability
- Most SFDs don't get required funds and other resources for effective management of forests

Forest Certification a tool to achieve SFM

- "Forest Certification" can plug-in as a tool to gradually improve forest management:
- Independent, third party & internationally benchmarked and credible system
- Objective criteria and measurable/verifiable indicator based assessment of ground realities with documented evidence
- Gap Analysis with potential interventions
- Covers environment-social-economic aspects
- Can be used as a results based financing tool



NCCF FM Standard covers criteria:

- **Social Aspects:** various stakeholders (affected persons, locals, workers, staff and managers); payment of wages, work related field safety and health aspects; capacity and competence
- Forest Management Aspects: prescriptions in conformance of National Working Plan Code; status of regeneration, actual harvests, harvesting practices
- Environmental Aspects: long term environmental impact of the forest operations including: use of WHO banned chemicals, waste disposal
- Economic aspects: availability of required resources: human, financial, infrastructural, technological
- **Monitoring and Evaluation:** actual implementation of monitoring protocols aiming at achievement of intended results
- Evidence based "audit" of actual implementation of planned processes and operations, adherence/conformance to applicable laws

Effective implementation of properly prepared WP meets ~70% of C&I for NCCF-FM Standard for Certification



Governance Perspective

- Association of stakeholders in preparation of Working Plans
- Social and Environment Impact assessment
- Workers' & Work place health and safety measures
- Payment of wages to workers & employees (temporary, contract workers, equal wages)
- Compliance with national regulations and international conventions ratified by India
- Enhance resource availability (human, financial, infrastructural, technological)



Forest Management Perspective

- Improvement in quality of WPs: adherence to NWP Code, 2014 and timely preparation
- Capacity building of staff and stakeholders: revised NWP code, documentation, continual TNA assessment
- Monitoring protocols
- Use of chemicals: India & WHO banned
- Controlled use of exotic species
- High Conservation Value Forests
- Maintaining Records and documents
- Climate Change Adaptation and Risk Mitigation



UP & Tripura benefit form Forest Certification

- ✓ Increased coordination between FD & UPFC
- ✓ Higher sale price of certified raw material
- ✓ Improved stocking at timber depots
- ✓ Welfare of workers at depots/fields plantation/harvesting sites
- ✓ Mapping of linear areas along road/Rly lines/canals
- ✓ Improvement in implementation of management practices
- ✓ Increased hiring
- ✓ Better regulation/documentation of use of chemicals & pesticides in nurseries
- ✓ Many species not being sold earlier have better market: use in furniture/toys
- ✓ Identification of gaps, training, documentation
- ✓ Increased transparency

Tripura Forest Development Corporation

- ✓ Preparation of a working plan
- ✓ Improvement in management practices
- ✓ Synchronization in management of rubber and bamboo
- ✓ Availability of certified rubber wood
- ✓ Development of manufacturing hub



Thank You!!

Network for Certification and Conservation of Forests

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