## Webinar on Sustainable Consumerism and Management of Natural Resources 05 June 2020

# Certification for Sustainable Management of Natural Resources

By:

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# Why are forests important?

## Sinks of carbon dioxide

The world's forests **absorb and store carbon** in both above and below ground biomass.

2 Habitats for biodiversity conservation The world's forest area primarily designated for biodiversity and forest within protected areas have increased since 1990.

# **3** Providers of important environmental services

Forests managed for **clean water supply, resilience against disasters, recreation, cultural and spiritual activities** have increased since 1990.

### Sustaining livelihood and economic opportunities

Forests supply the world's population with **wood and non wood forest products**. In **low-income countries** woodfuel is still the most important wood product.

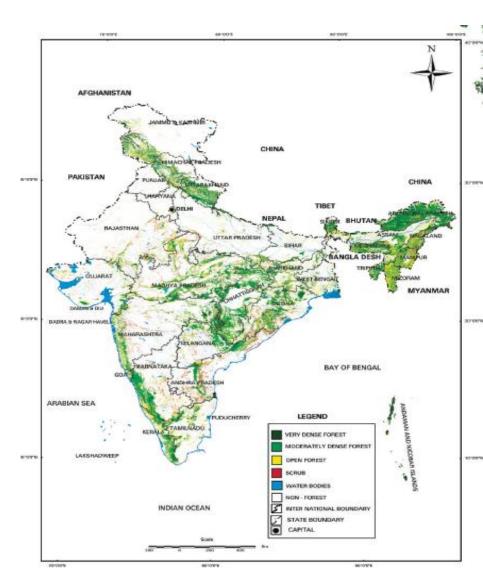


# **India's Forests**

✓ Globally, India stands at 10th position accounting for 2% of Total Forest Cover of the world

✓ As per India State of Forest Report 2019:

- Forest Cover = 71.22 mha (21.67%)
- Tree Cover = 9.50 mha (2.89%)
- Forest &Tree Cover = 80.72 mha (24.56% of GA)
- ✓ Out of 6.5 Lakh villages in India, around 1.73 lakh villages are located in and around forests
- ✓ Protected Areas Network is 868 PAs spread over 16.5 mha (5.02 % of GA)
  - 104 National Parks
  - 550 Wildlife Sanctuaries
  - 87 Conservation Reserves
  - 127 Community Reserves





## Forests and GDP

- ✓ Forests in GDP ; 2.6% in 1950s ; 1.7% in 2010
- ✓ We need to double the GDP contribution of forests to 3.4% by 2025??

### ✓ Reasons for low contribution:

- Higher growth of economy in other sectors
- Less productivity of forests; Under valuation of forest products & ecosystem services
- Reduction in import tariffs to let imports satisfy growing Indian demand for wood products

### ✓ How to increase contribution:

- Increasing productivity of forests
- Using Forest Certification as a management and improvement tool
- Correct valuation of forest products & ecosystem services
- Promoting domestic Indian wood market
- Checking import tariffs

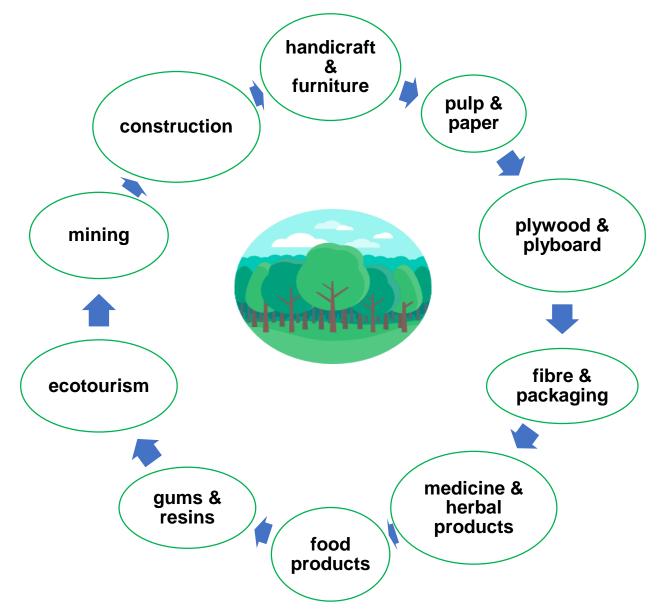


# **Pressure & threats on forests**

- Competing land demands
- Biotic Pressure-Fuelwood & Fodder Collection
- Encroachment & illegal felling
- Forest Fire
- Insignificant regeneration
- Pest, diseases and invasive species



## Industrial Dependence on Forestry Sector-Sustainable Consumerism can drive Sustainable Forest Management



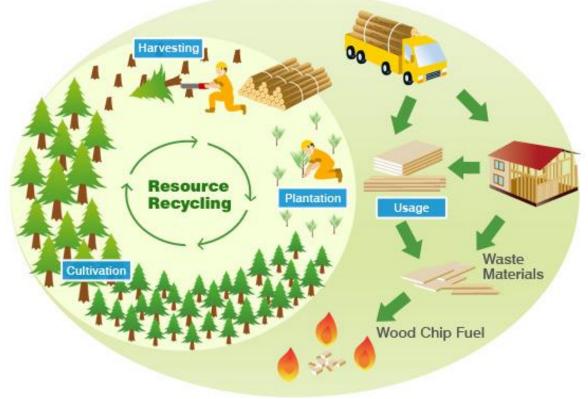


# **Sustainable Forest Management (SFM)**

SFM: management of forests on principles of Sustainable Development; balancing environmental, economic and social aspects

**Elements of SFM** (as per Non-legally binding Instruments of FAO)

- 1. Extent of forest resources
- 2. Biological Diversity
- 3. Forest health and vitality
- 4. Productive functions of forest resources
- 5. Protective functions of forest resources
- 6. Socio-economic functions of forests
- 7. Legal, institutional and policy framework





## Certification: Market and Consumer Driven Tool for Sustainable Forest Management

**Forest Certification**: "A voluntary process whereby an independent third party ("certifier") assesses **quality of forest management** and production against a set of requirements ("standards") predetermined by a public or private certification organization". (FAO)

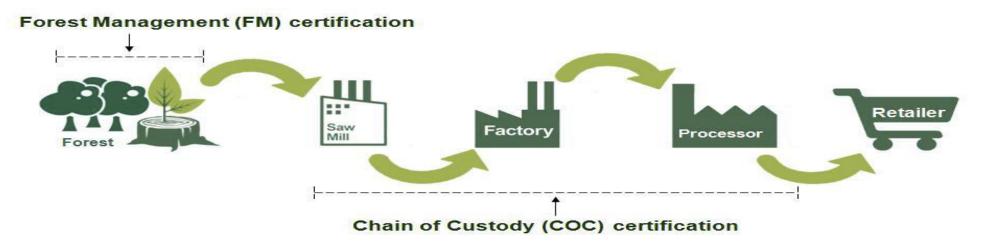




# **Types of Forest Certification**

## **Forest Management Unit (FMU) certification:**

Process leading to issuance of Certificate by an independent party, which assesses forest/ plantation against defined standards – Owners and Managers



## Chain of Custody certification (CoC)

Process of tracking wood products from certified forest to point of sale to ensure certified origin of product

Forest – Primary & Secondary Manufacturers- Traders- Retailers



# **International Policy Shift towards Certification**

- ✓ Globally, about 13 million ha of natural forests are unsustainably logged every year
- ✓ Both producer and consumer countries can help ensure SFM

## Two aspects of responsible trade management:

# 1. Demand Side:

- European Union Timber Regulation (EUTR)
- Forest Law Enforcement in Governance and Trade (EU-FLEGT), 2005
- Lacey Act, 2008, USA
- Illegal Logging Prohibition Act, 2011 (Australia)

# 2. Supply Side:

**Forest Certification:** a tool to guide foresters to improve their forest management practices, verified by independent auditors

Need for consumer awareness, people's movement and demand for certified products



# **Global Forest Certification Schemes**

## International schemes:

- Forest Stewardship Council (FSC)
- Programme for Endorsement of Forest Certification (PEFC)

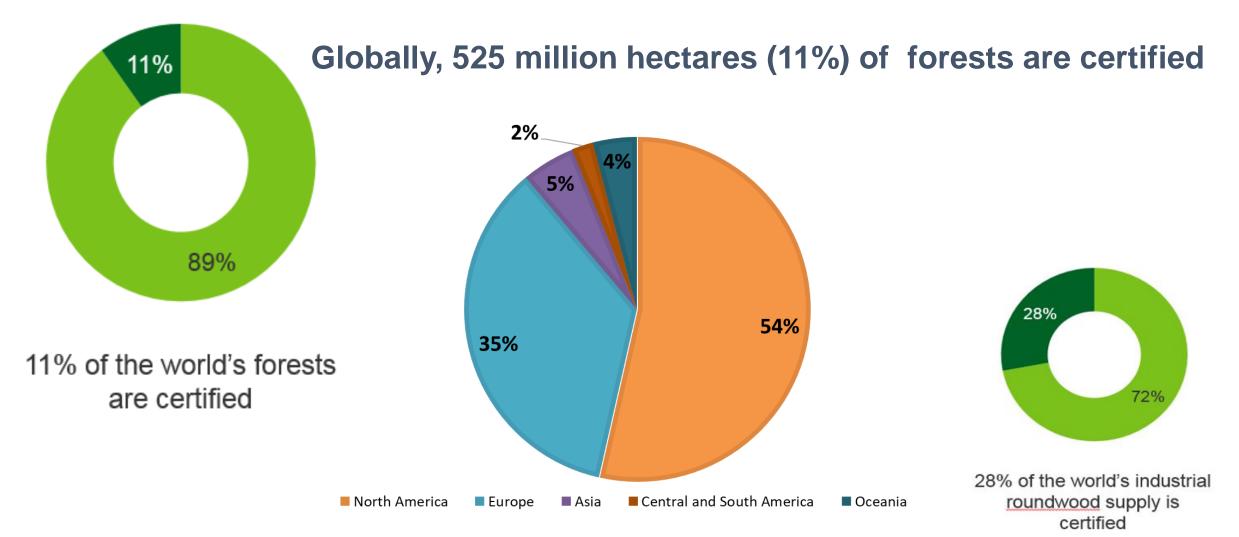
## **Regional & Country specific Forest certification Schemes:**

- Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI)
- American Tree Farm System (ATFS)
- Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
- Malaysian timber Certification Council (MTCC)
- China National Forest Certification Scheme (CNFCS)
- Sustainable Green Ecosystem Council (SGEC), Japan
- Indian Forest Certification Scheme: Network for Certification and Conservation of Forests (NCCF); PEFC Endorsed Scheme





# **Global certified forest area**



# 89% of world's forests are still uncertified

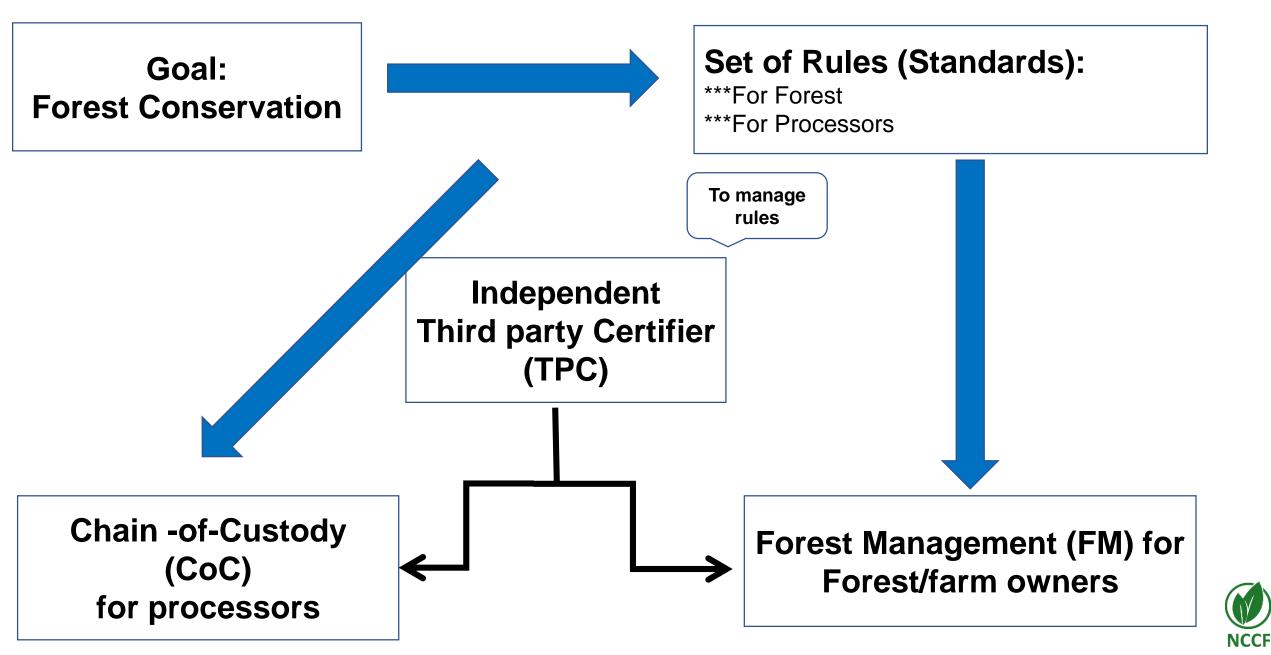


# **Certification is accepted and recognized internationally**



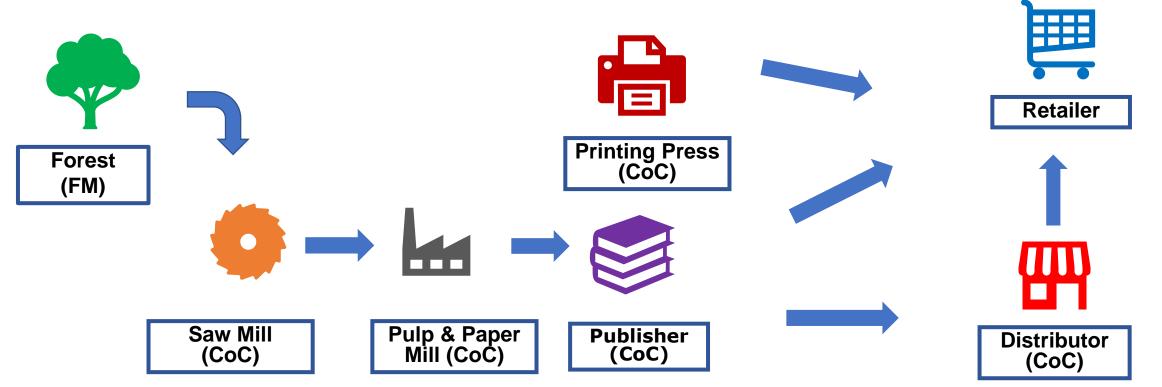
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# **How Forest Certification Works**



# **Forest Certification : A tool for sustainable consumption and production**

# From forest to consumer, including all successive stages of processing, transformation, manufacturing and distribution



- Identify/certify well managed forests
- Establish linkages in the production chain
- Create recognizable label
- Enable consumers to support responsible practices



# **Benefits of Forest Certification**

Environmental	Social	Management & Economic
No use of banned Chemical Pesticides	Emphasis on occupational health and safety	Third Party, Market Driven
No negative impact on environment	Ensures social equity and livelihood opportunities to locals	Regular staff training
Management of High Conservation Value (HCV) Forests	Ensures legal labour wages and facilities	Regular (Annual) monitoring of management activities
Safe collection and disposal of toxic waste	Supports development of forest dwellers and communities	Ensures legality and economic viability
Controlling off-site regeneration of exotic species	Capacity building for women	Control of illegal harvesting and wildlife crime
Preserves water catchment and water bodies	Respect for rights of tribals, local communities and forest workers	Potential access to new markets
Protection of hill sides and slopes from erosion	Compliance with ratified ILO Conventions	Brand recognition, preference and value addition due to use of certification logo

NCCF

# **NCCF: not-for-profit organization established in 2015**



- ✓ NCCF is the only Member of PEFC Council for India
- ✓ NCCF is a Member of IUCN
- ✓ NCCF has got Observer status of UNCCD after CoP14



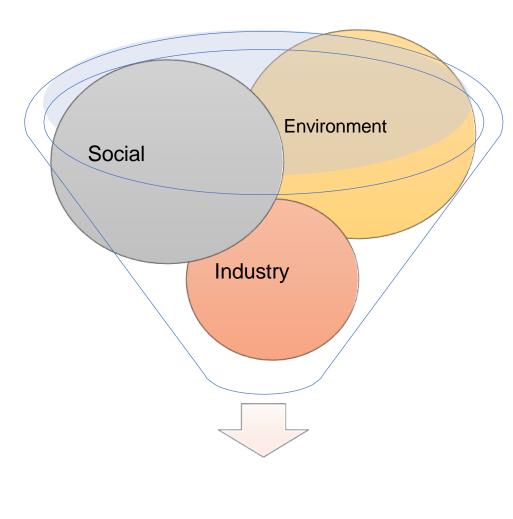
# NCCF's Stakeholders associated with development of Standards

## Social

- BWI
- STADD
- Forest officers in individual capacity
- Development Alternatives
- Satpuda
  Foundation
- TRIFED
- Uthaan Trust

#### Industry and association

- ITC PSPD
- CII
- EPCH
- Greenply
- Century Plywood
- IPRITI
- IPMA
- QCI
- EPCH
- TNPL
- CBs



### Environment

- ICFRE
- IIFM
- WWF
- IUCN
- WTI
- WII
- TNC India
- TERI
- TRAFFIC
- ICRAF
- CAFRI
- INBAR
- GIZ

### **Ministries**

- MoEFCC
- Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare
- Ministry of Commerce
- Ministry of Textiles



#### and many more..

# **NCCF Stakeholders**

# **Development of NCCF's Sustainability Standards**

Forest Management Certification Standard (launched and endorsed by PEFC)

**Trees Outside Forest Certification Standard** (ready for launch)

**Non Wood Forest Produce Certification Standard** (*In Progress*)

**Protected Areas and Wetlands Certification Standard** (In Progress)

**Quality Planting Material Certification Standard** (In Progress)

Ecotourism Certification Standard (In Progress)

**Biofuel and Biomass Certification Standard** (*In Progress*)

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**Development of Carbon Registry-India** (In Progress)

## **NCCF-PEFC Forest Management Certification Standard**

- ✓ This is the only Indian Scheme of forest certification in India
- ✓ Developed by NCCF through a multistakeholder standard development group
- ✓ Standard has been endorsed by the PEFC, giving it an international recognition
- ✓ This scheme is being used by many states for certification





# **Government support for Certification**

- ✓ Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change
- ✓ Ministry of Agriculture and Farmer Welfare
- ✓ Ministry of Commerce and Industry
- ✓ Ministry of Textile



# Advisory from MoEF&CC to State Forest Departments on Forest Certification

✓ Director General of Forests, has written to all SFDs to initiate forest certification in some divisions, having economic activities, like extraction of timber, NWFP and bamboo etc.

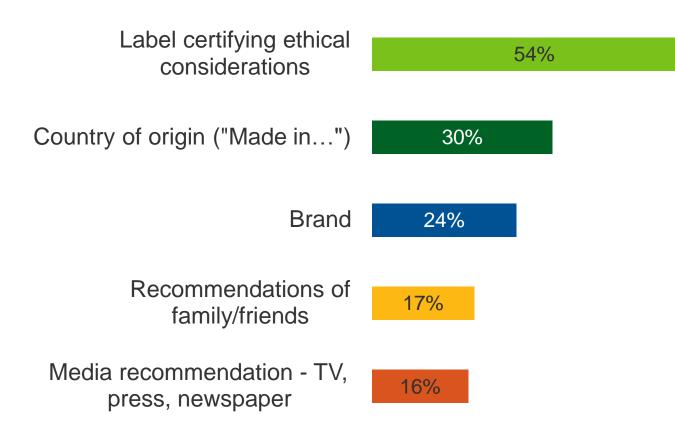
*He has suggested:* 

- Forest certification is voluntary, non-regulatory and facilitative tool to promote SFM
- Includes forest monitoring, tracing and labelling of timber and non-timber forest products
- Certification brings in enhanced credibility to our forest governance with international recognition and improves market acceptability of our forest products
- Forest Certification helps in *reducing illegalities* in *import and export* of wood products and strengthens *compliances* to international conventions
- Accounts for social, environmental and economic well-being of workers and local communities with transparency and inclusiveness

# MoEF&CC vide letter dated 11th December 2019 requested states to report progress on Forest Certification.

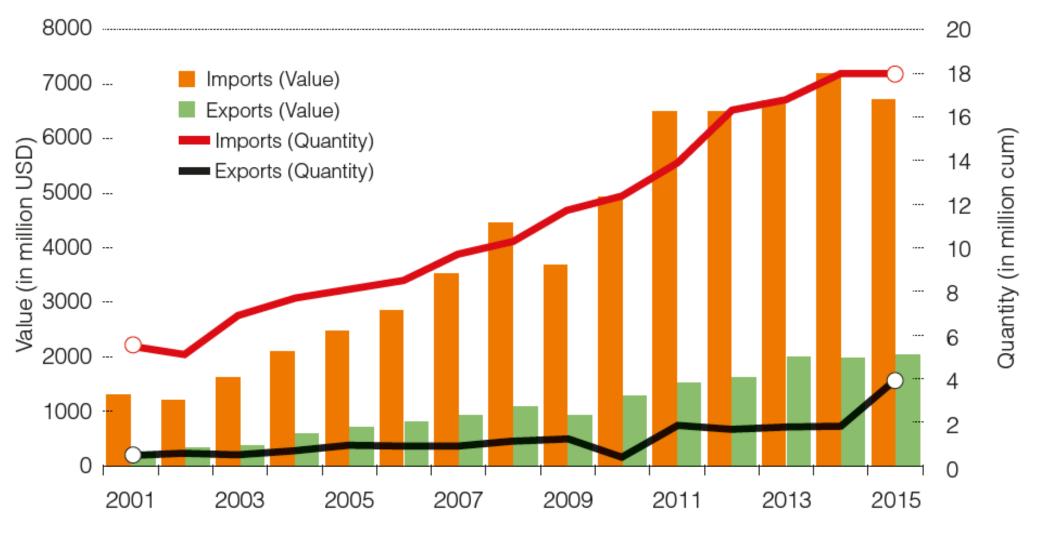
# **Market Demand: Consumers request responsible products**

# What reassures you most that environmental considerations have been taken into account?





# **Trends of Timber Trade in India**



Source: International Trade Center/UN COMTRADE, 2016



Potential to embrace certification not only for exports but also for domestic consumption



- ✓ Timber imports to India: USD 441 mn
- ✓ Furniture imports to India: USD 602 mn
- ✓ Furniture exports from India: USD 807 mn
- ✓ Employment potential: more than 11.29 million employees by 2022\*
- ✓ India is a **global timber importing** country as well as **furniture exporting** country
- ✓ India's furniture clusters are currently operating at 25-30% capacity due to less raw material

Value chains needs to be strengthened to increase availability of timber in logistics, infrastructure etc.



# **Demand for certified wood material**

✓ Identifying and addressing sector specific requirements:

- Pulp & Paper
- Furniture
- Textile
- Plywood
- Packaging, etc.

✓International MNCs/Retailers like IKEA, Otto, H&M, Walmart, Target, Unilever, etc. are searching for certified raw material in India











Walmart





# Way Forward

✓ Till now market was only for export which is only about 5-10%

✓ We need to create domestic market for certified products

✓ Domestic demand for certified material will increase

✓Trees on farmlands will also be eligible for certification

✓Certification has to no longer be export oriented



# Way Forward

- 1. Ministry may like to issue a policy guideline on Forest Certification
- 2. Encourage "Green Public Procurement"
- 3. National Working Plan Code 2014 lays emphasis on *"assessment of forest management through forest certification schemes"*.
- 4. Ministry of Commerce and Industry should facilitate streamlining export-import provisions
- 5. Certification is an eligible activity under CAF Rules 2018
- 6. Externally aided forestry projects should have a component for supporting Forest Certification
- 7. NCCF is ready to join a campaign with the MoEFCC on "Certification for Sustainability"
- 8. Scaling up domestic production of wood and wood products in trees outside forests
- 9. Use of Chain of Custody certification to improve traceability of forest based products
- 10. Schemes and incentives for organizations using domestically procured certified wood and gradual reduction in import of wood



# **Thank You!!**

**Network for Certification and Conservation of Forests** 

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